

Take Control - With Your Independent Financial Adviser



Australia's economy stubbornly defied predictions during 2023, dashing any hopes that we might begin to return to some kind of normal.

Some had expected an end to the Reserve Bank's continued cash rate rises during the year. Instead, inflation has been a stubborn foe and we saw five rate rises, adding another 1.25%. But there was good news for property investors with an increase in prices in some cities.

On another positive note, superannuation funds bounced back after losses in 2022. SuperRatings reported that the median balanced option is expected to return 9.6% in 2023, after most funds produced negative returns the previous year.

Australia key indices December			Share markets (% change) Year to December		
	2022	2023		2022	2023
Economic growth	5.8%	*2.1%	Australia All Ordinaries	-7.2%	8.4%
RBA cash rate	3.1%	4.35%	US S&P 500	-19.3%	24.2%
Inflation (annual rate)	7.8%	^5.4%	Euro Stoxx 50	-11.7%	19.2%
Unemployment	3.5%	#3.9%	Shanghai Composite	-15.1%	-3.7%
Consumer confidence	82.5	82.1	Japan Nikkei 225	-9.3%	28.2%

\*Year to September, ^September quarter # November Sources: RBA, ABS, Westpac Melbourne Institute, Trading Economics

# The big picture

Global economic forecasts for 2023 were also beset by a number of wild cards during the year. While many economists were predicting recession in the United States and Europe and a rebound in China, the year ended differently with no recession in the US, Europe struggling but doing better than expected and China still battling some headwinds.

October brought concerns of a wider Middle East conflict, the International Monetary Fund revising its outlooks for the region, saying that an escalation of the conflict could be far-reaching, affecting tourism, trade, and investment.

### **Inflation and interest rates**

In Australia, economic growth slowed a little on 2022's result but still delivered a better return than forecast. On the latest data available from the end of September, the economy grew by 2.1% although a larger-than-expected increase in the population is putting extra pressure on housing and prices, keeping inflation higher. It was the eighth quarter in a row of economic growth.

Inflation remains high but many believe we have seen the end of interest rate rises for 2024. The latest figures show the rate of inflation dropped from 4.9% in October to 4.3% in November.

New dwelling prices rose 5.5% in the 12 months to November while rents rose 7.1%. Electricity prices were up by 10.7% for the year and food and non-alcoholic beverages increased by 4.6%.

The Reserve Bank raised the cash rate five times in 2023 to finish the year at 4.35%. V

#### **Sharemarkets**

Global sharemarkets ended 2023 on a more positive note. In the US, welcome news from the Federal Reserve of an end to rate hikes saw stocks and bonds soar in the final weeks of the year. During the year, the Dow Jones index increased by 13.7% and the Nasdaq by 43.4%. There was mixed news in Asian markets with a jump of 28.2% on the Nikkei 225 and 18.7% on India's BSE Sensex but China's Shanghai Compositive fell 3.7% and the Straits Times index of Singapore was down 0.3%.

Australia's sharemarket may not have experienced the heady double-digit returns of some global markets but it ended the year with a gain of almost 8%, marking its best performance since 2021.vi

# **Commodities**

Despite big falls from the peaks of 2022, commodity prices remain high across the board.

Iron ore, Australia's biggest export, rose more than 21% as the Chinese government continues to create strong demand by stimulating property and infrastructure development.

Oil prices saw some spikes during the year but steadied by December. However, the World Bank notes that conflict in the Middle East, on top of the disruptions caused by the war in Ukraine, could cause a major oil price shock, pushing global commodity markets into uncharted waters.

As the US dollar gathers strength and Australia's high inflation figures persist, the Australian dollar is under pressure. It ended the year where it began after recovering from a slide in the second half of the year.

### **Property market**

While rising interest rates usually dampen property prices, by year's end we saw a remarkable turnaround for some cities in another result that upended forecasts.

CoreLogic's national Home Value Index rose 8.1% in 2023, up from the 4.9% drop in 2022 but not quite at the stellar 24.5% increase recorded in 2021.

It was a patchy performance across the country. House prices rose at more than 1% every month on average in Perth, Adelaide, and Brisbane in the second half of the year. While Melbourne values dropped in November and December, Sydney and Canberra prices barely moved, and Hobart and Darwin prices fell slightly.

# **Looking ahead**

As floods and storms ravage the eastern states and bushfires break out in the west, another tumultuous Australian summer might be mirrored by a chaotic year for the economy both in Australia and overseas.

The RBA expects economic growth to remain subdued but resilient in 2024, largely supported by construction and infrastructure work. Meanwhile the rebound in international students and tourism is expected to contribute to robust growth in consumer spending. The RBA is also confident that inflation will continue to fall slightly throughout the year, but many predict at least one more cash rate increase during the year.

Worldwide, China's spluttering economy and the outcome of the US presidential election may cause ripple effects across the globe, meanwhile markets will be nervously watching the conflicts in the Middle East and Ukraine as well as China's threat to blockade Taiwan, for the potential to create broader economic challenges.

If you would like to discuss your financial goals and circumstances in the light of prevailing economic conditions, don't hesitate to get in touch.

Note: all share market figures are live prices as at 31 December 2023 sourced from: https://tradingeconomics.com/stocks.

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- https://www.imf.org/en/Blogs/Articles/2023/12/01/middleeast-conflict-risks-reshaping-the-regions-economies
- iii https://www.abs.gov.au/media-centre/media-releases/australian-economy-grew-02-cent-september-quarter
- iv Monthly CPI indicator rose 4.3% annually to November 2023 | Australian Bureau of Statistics (abs.gov.au)
- https://www.businesstoday.in/markets/story/global-marketperformance-heres-how-global-equity-markets-majorcurrencies-performed-in-2023-411391-2023-12-31
- vi https://www.abc.net.au/news/2023-12-29/asx-marketsbusiness-live-news-dec29-2023/103271578
- vii October 2023 Commodity Markets Outlook: Under the Shadow of Geopolitical Risks [EN/AR/RU/ZH] World | ReliefWeb
- viii https://www.corelogic.com.au/news-research/news/2023/ australian-home-values-surge-in-2023
- ix https://www.rba.gov.au/speeches/2023/sp-ag-2023-11-13.html

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